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Drs Ionescu and Cusin Reply

To the Editor: We thank Dr Apeldoorn and colleagues for their interest in our article.

We agree that our small sample size is a limitation, as highlighted in our article.¹ This underscores the importance of the pressing need for larger controlled trials on ketamine's antisuicidal effects.

We would also like to emphasize that, although most of the patients in our study endorsed passive death wishes (as opposed to having suicidal behaviors), our treatment goal is one of *zero* suicidal thinking. We would argue that *any* thoughts of death to oneself, including wishing to be dead, are serious medical matters that may require intervention. Indeed, for our study, we excluded patients with suicidal thinking who required immediate inpatient psychiatric care. However, treatment of outpatients with chronic suicidal thoughts and treatment-resistant depression—a common type of patient seen in an outpatient psychiatry office—is of great importance. This is why we chose to study this group. Further research into other populations with suicidal thinking is certainly necessary.

Finally, using a large (N = 133) sample of well-characterized patients with treatment-resistant depression, Ballard and colleagues² recently suggested that improvements in suicidal ideation after ketamine infusion are related to, but not completely driven by, improvements in depression and anxiety. Our data suggested that

decreases in suicidal ideation might be independent of decreases in depression after ketamine at a trend level ($P = .05$). Given our small sample size, we suggest that further studies are needed on the potential different mechanisms of ketamine's antidepressant versus antisuicidal actions.

REFERENCES

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